

Cosmology Coverage

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Big-Bang cosmology (Rev.)

Big-Bang nucleosynthesis (Rev.)

Cosmological parameters (Rev.)

Dark matter (Rev.)

Cosmic microwave background (Rev.)

Reviews

- Big-Bang Cosmology: Keith Olive (Minnesota) & John Peacock (Edinburgh)
- Big-Bang Nucleosynthesis: Brian Fields (Illinois) & Subir Sarkar (Oxford)
- Cosmological Parameters: Ofer Lahav (UC London) & Andrew Liddle (Sussex)
- Dark Matter: Manuel Drees (Bonn) & Gilles Gerbier (CEA Saclay)
- Cosmic Microwave Background: Douglas Scott (UBC) & George Smoot (LBL)
- > 8 theorists, 2 experimentalists (5 European, 1 Indian & 4 North American)
- Fast moving field so all reviews need to be updated *annually*
- ➤ Need for new reviews?

Hubble expansion

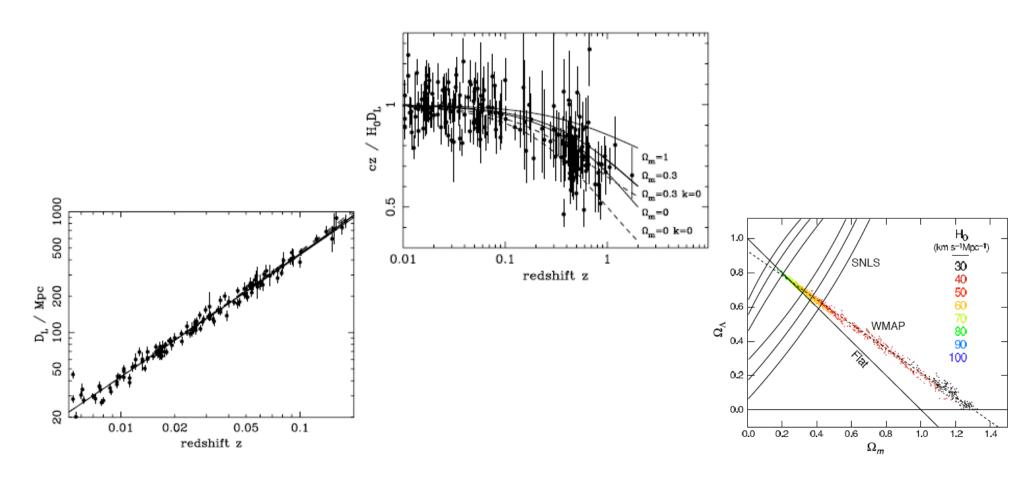
... used to be written by Masataka Fukugita & Craig Hogan - essential in view of recent concerns about homogeneity/isotropy, anomalously large bulk flows etc

Gamma-ray Astronomy

... amazingly productive field in recent years (HESS, MAGIC, VERITAS; Milagro) now: GLAST/FERMI; forthcoming CTA, AGIS, HAWC etc)

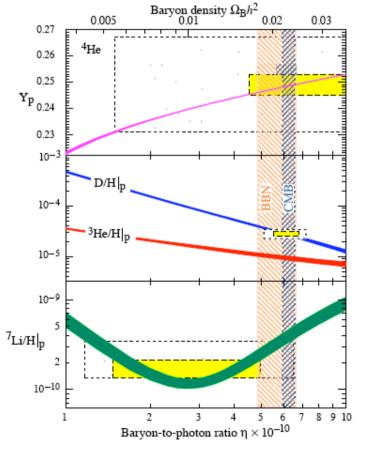
Big Bang Cosmology

- Succint (31 p) overview of standard model
- Introduces concepts, notation, links between other reviews
- Discusses observational basis (for dark energy domination)



Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

- Summary of 'deepest direct probe of the Big Bang'
- Critique of quoted *inferred* primordial abundances
- Emphasises agreement with CMB determination of η
- Constraints on new physics
- 'Cloud on horizon' ...
 the Lithium problem
 (new physics?)



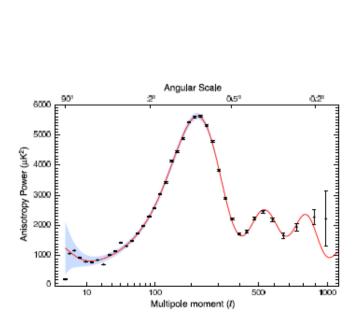
Cosmological Parameters

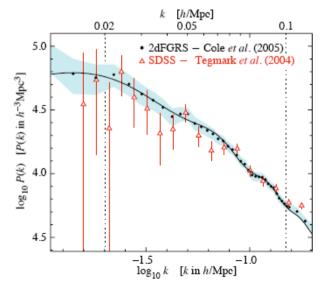
Some overlap with cosmology and CMB review

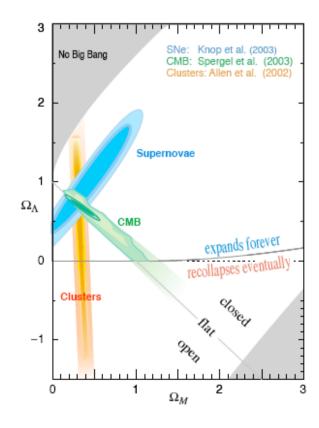
• Discussion of density perturbation generation from inflation and growth of large-scale structure

Wide-ranging survey of different techniques for

measuring content of universe





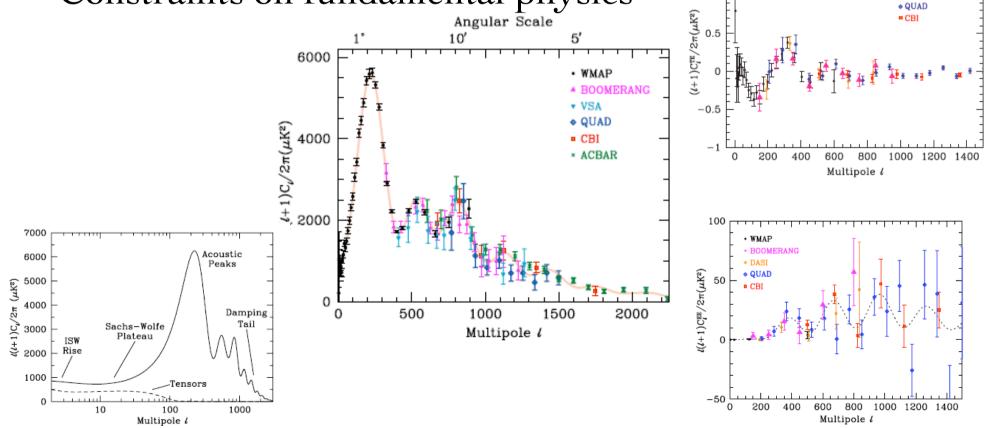


Cosmic Microwave Background

• Discussion of physics of CMB anisotropy generation

• Summary of current observations and implications for cosmological parameters

Constraints on fundamental physics



Dark Matter

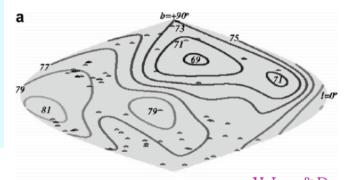
- Astronomical evidence for dark matter
- New particle candidates
- Detailed discussion of experimental approaches to WIMP and axion detection
 - ... both direct and indirect searches

No pictures!

Why a review of Hubble expansion is necessary?

The HKP data do show significant variations of up to 9 km s⁻¹ Mpc⁻¹ across the sky

Not all observers agree on interpretation of HKP data eg. 62.3±1.3 vs. 72±8 km/s/Mpc



"... our model independent test cannot exclude the case of the deceleration of the expansion at a statistically significant level"

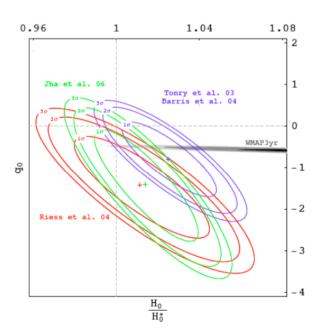
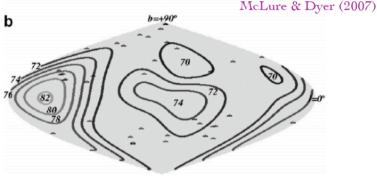
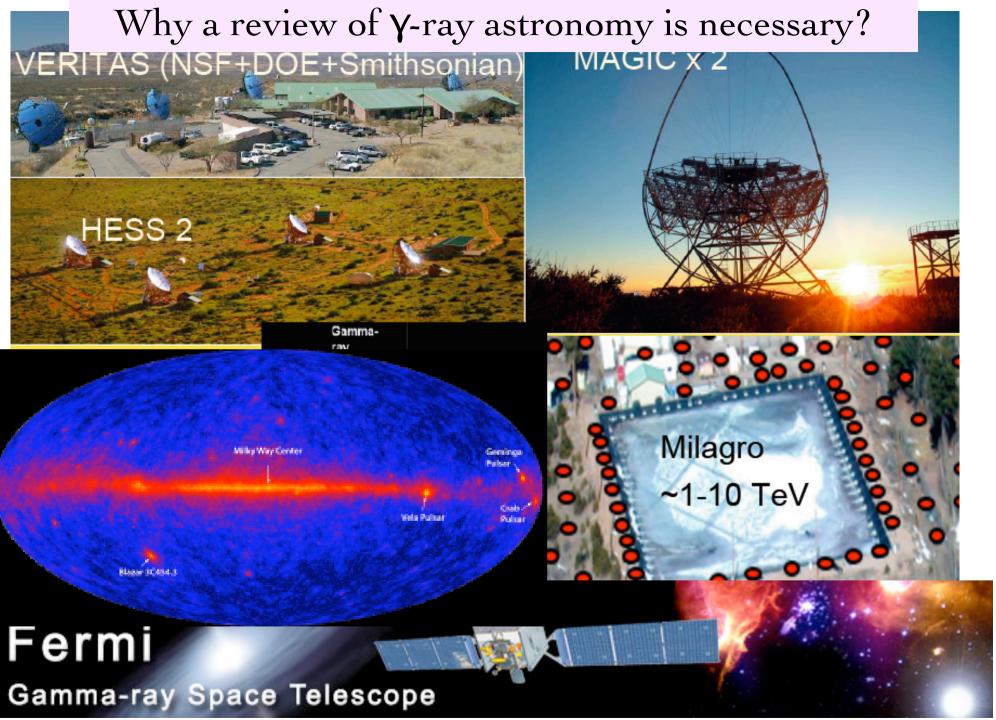


Fig. 3. Confidence contours for a model-independent full-sky fit to the Hubble law at second order for three SNe Ia data sets. SNe up to redshift z = 0.2 are included in the fits. (Schwarz & Weinhorst 2007)



.. as does an independent sample of objects

Concerns about consistency between different SNIa datasets and analyses, ...



Arguably most productive area in astroparticle physics ... for both astro and particle physics!